

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 225, Vol. VI.

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z. TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1874.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

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DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS,
AND
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf
Raisins—Muscatel, Sultan, and Elenie
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality
Tobacco—Imperial, Ruby, Twist, Parrett's
Twist, Old Sport, andromatic
Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene
Candles of the best brands
Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.
Wakatipu Oats, Wheat, and Chaff
SPIRITS.
Islay Whisky—Arbegg's and Long Jones
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case
J.D.K.Z. Geneva
Burnett's Old Tom
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk
Porter—Blood's, Byass's, and Guinness's
CORDIALS.
Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint, Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT
ASSORTMENT OF

IRONMONGERY

Beg to call public attention to the following:

Blasting Powder and Fuse; Long and Short handle Shovels; Picks, Pick Handles, and Sluice Forks; Panikins, Gold Dishes, Billies; Galvanised Iron Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and Broons; Axes and Handles; Manila Rope for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk; Washing-boards; Brushware of every description; Nails; Canvas; Hose Pipes.—Contracts undertaken for supplying Mining Co's with Material of all kinds, on liberal terms. Free delivery.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'S
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,
CROMWELL.

SHAMROCK STORE,
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,
FAMILY GROCER,
GENERAL STOREKEEPER,
is carrying on business at the old-established premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales, Melmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINE, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:
JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

I. WRIGHT,
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, HOSIER,
HABERDASHER, AND
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.

I. WRIGHT is now offering an assortment of NEW and CHEAP GOODS, in

DRESS MATERIALS—Prints, Winceys, Alpaca, all-wool Plaids, French Merinos, &c.
Calicoes, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts
Toilet Covers, Matting and Druggeting
Ladies and Children's Underclothing
BABY LINEN.

Also, a well-selected stock of
Women and Children's Boots and Shoes, in leather, kid, and cashmere
Ladies and Children's Hats, trimmed and un-trimmed

Ironmongery, Glass, Crockery
Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods
Toys, Jewellery, Cutlery, Stationery
Perfumery, Musical Instruments
Berlin and other Wools
Paperhangings, Brushware
Tobacco and Cigars

and other Goods too numerous to mention.

NEWSAGENT.

JOHN MARSH.

"VALUE FOR MONEY."

BRIDGE HOTEL,

CROMWELL.

STARKEY'S
KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

One of Alcock's prize Billiard Tables (quite new.)

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,
CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE,
DUNEDIN, and MELBOURNE,

ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
DRAPERY; BOOTS AND SHOES; GROCERIES; WINES, SPIRITS, AND PRO-
VISIONS; IRONMONGERY; CROCKERY; BUILDING MATERIALS OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS; PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS;

GRINDERY; FURNITURE AND BEDDING; SAD-

DLERY; AND PATENT MEDICINES.

A supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,

LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

Having opened a branch establishment in Dunedin, solely for the manufacture of

MENS' CLOTHING,

We are in a position to offer to the public a SUPERIOR CLASS OF GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, and our customers may rest assured that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,
Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.
Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge,
Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND
MACHINIST.

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melmore Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES . . . 12s.
DRAUGHT " . . . 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

JOHN W. THOMPSON,
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH.

J. W. THOMPSON desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the District that he has purchased the business lately carried on by Mr JAMES SLOAN as Farrier and Blacksmith. His long practical experience in all branches of the business, combined with moderate charges, will, he trusts, secure him a fair share of public patronage.

THOMPSON'S
VETERINARY AND SHOEING FORGE,
CROMWELL.

THOMAS FOOTE,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION
AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

K. PRETSCH,
CROMWELL.

COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.,

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Cromwell

E. MURRELL,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,
CROMWELL.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and
MUSICAL BOXES cleaned
and repaired.
Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address :
NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY,

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread
regularly delivered in all parts of the District



CROMWELL BUTCHERY
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on
hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams,
Bacon, &c., always on hand.

* Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout
the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3½d per lb.

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE,
Proprietors.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE are now prepared
to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any
quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. GOODGER, Crom-
well, or at the Brewery, will be promptly at-
tended to.

TO FARMERS.

GOODGER AND KUHTZE will be purchasers
during the forthcoming season of any quantity
of GOOD MALTING BARLEY.

GOODGER & KUHTZE.

ARROW FLOUR MILLS.

To Runholders, Storekeepers, Bakers,
and others.

Messrs BUTEL BROS. have much pleasure
in announcing that they have appointed D. A.
JOLLY & Co., of Cromwell, as their agents for
the sale of their SILK-DRESSED FLOUR,
BRAN, and POLLARD.

JOLLY & Co. will be prepared to promptly
execute orders within a radius of Sixty Miles.

FLOUR GUARANTEED.—TERMS LIBERAL.

D. MACKELLAR,
ACCOUNTANT and
GENERAL AGENT.

Manager of { Star of the East Quartz Mining
Company, Registered ;
Colleen Bawn Quartz Mining Com-
pany, Registered ;
Kawarau Bridge Company (Messrs
M'Cormick, Grant, & Richards);

AGENT for { The Norwich Union Fire Insurance
Company.

Office: Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Mechanical Drawings furnished.—Specifications
prepared.

Cromwell

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!

GREAT CLEARING SALE

AT W. TALBOYS'

LONDON HOUSE.

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, & BOOTS

CAN NOW BE BOUGHT AT THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT AT SUCH VERY LOW
PRICES AS TO

EXCITE THE WONDER
OF EVERYONE MAKING A PURCHASE.

Fancy Dresses, 10s 6d, worth 16s
Grenadines, 18s 6d, worth 27s 6d
Figured Lustres, 1s 3d, worth 1s 9d
Brocaded do., 1s 6d, worth 2s
French Merinos, 2s 6d, worth 4s

Prints, 6d, worth 9d
Fast colour do., 7½d, worth 10d
Hoyle's best do., 8½d, worth 1s
Muslins, 7d, worth 11d
Superior do., 9d, worth 1s 3d

Large Stock of WINCEYS and WINCEY SKIRTINGS, from 1s 3d.

Brown Hollands, 10d, worth 1s 3d
Best do., 1s, worth 1s 6d
Diapers, 1s 3d, worth 2s

Calicoes, 6d, worth 8d
Horrocks's, 7½d, worth 10d
Best do., 9d, worth 1s

Bargains in FLANNEL, 1s 6d, worth 2s 3d.

COME EARLY AND SEE THE REMNANT TABLE.

MEN'S CLOTHING.

A few Men's Tweed Suits, 35s, worth 50s.

Tweed Suits, 55s, worth 70s
Extra good do., 60s, worth 80s
Silk-mixed do., 67s 6d, worth 85s

Tweed Coats, 15s, worth 20s
Tweed Coats, 20s, worth 27s 6d
Silk-mixed do., 27s 6d, worth 35s

TWEED TROUSERS and VESTS, from 17s 6d, worth 27s 6d.

Tweed Trousers, 12s, worth 17s 6d
Corded do., 14s, worth 20s
Best Corded, 16s 6d, worth 22s 6d

Moles, 7s 6d, worth 8s 6d
Do., 8s 6d, worth 10s 6d
Best do., 9s 6d, worth 11s 6d

Men's FLANNELS, large sizes, 5s 6d.—Knitted DRAWERS, in white and grey, 6s 6d.

CRIMEANS, CRIMEANS, from 5s 6d.

FRENCH FELT HATS, from 4s 6d.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

Ladies' Kid Boots, 8s 6d
Black lasting do., 9s 6d

Men's Kid Boots, 14s 6d
Superior do., 17s 6d

Children's Boots will be sold at COST PRICE.

The Watertights and Shooting Boots usually sold at 22s 6d are now reduced to 18s.

All intending purchasers are requested to come early, as the goods are marked at such low
prices that they are bound soon to be sold. It is impossible to quote the price of every article,
but all goods will be sold for cash at the above uniform reduction.

W. TALBOYS,

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

J. SOLOMON'S

GENUINE CLEARING SALE

—OF—

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, FANCY GOODS, CROCKERY-
WARE, AND JEWELLERY.

MUST BE SOLD TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW SEASON'S GOODS.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.

J. S. is so well satisfied with the patronage he has received since he opened in Cromwell,
that he has determined to give the public an opportunity of securing goods at such a low figure
as enables him to DEFY COMPETITION.

Ladies' Grenadine Dresses, 18 yds, 10s 6d
Ladies' and Children's Dresses, very cheap
Ladies' and Children's Trimmed and Untrimmed
Hats, very cheap.
Ladies' made-up Dresses, very cheap
Calico, 6d ; Flannels, 1s 6d, per yard

Women's Boots, from 5s per pair
Men's Shirts, from 3s 6d
Men's best Silk-mixed Suits, 65s
Men's Boots, of all descriptions, very cheap.

TEN PER CENT DISCOUNT OFF THE ABOVE LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

It is impossible to quote the price of everything, but all goods will be sold equally low.

CROCKERYWARE;

A GREAT SACRIFICE IN CONSEQUENCE OF GIVING UP THIS BRANCH.

MILLINERY & DRESSMAKING

Under the management of Mrs Solomon.

J. S O L O M O N,

THE ORIGINAL CHEAP DRAPER.

(Premises lately occupied by the Bank of New Zealand.)

JULES LA FONTAINE,
WHEELWRIGHT,

MELMORE-STREET, CROMWELL,

Is prepared to execute all orders and repairs in-
trusted to him.

Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

F. SANSON, SADDLER
AND
HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on
business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr
Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict atten-
tion and moderate charges, to merit the public
patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every
description made on the premises.
Repairs done on the shortest notice.

Cromwell

J. R. COWAN,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
AND CONVEYANCER.

CROMWELL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL.

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes
on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and
most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.

NOTICE.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be
carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who
have much pleasure in calling the attention of
the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their
New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any
hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any
other portion of the District. They therefore
respectfully solicit a continuance of the patron-
age heretofore bestowed, with the conviction
that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to
at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend
to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth.
Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the
district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. „ delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

J. C. CHAPPLE,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District
may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet
with prompt attention.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this
date. **I. LOUGHNAN.**

Mount Pisa, 12th May 1870.—27tc

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on
Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of
Books in every department of literature; and
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly,
12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

CROMWELL POST OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE.

For Quartzville, Carrickton, and Nevis, every
Sunday, at 9 p.m.

For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices,
Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.

For Dunedin, via Teviot, Taapeka, and Toko-
mairiro, every Tuesday, at 3 p.m.

For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Gibbston, Mor-
ven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queens-
town, every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thurs-
day, at 9 p.m.

For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, Pembroke,
and Cardrona, every Tuesday, at 9 p.m.

For money orders and registered letters, not
later than 2 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices,
Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9 a.m.

From Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Taapeka, and
Teviot, every Friday, at 9 a.m.

From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Mor-
ven Ferry, Gibbston, Edwards's, and Kawa-
rau Gorge, Tuesday, Thursday, and Satur-
day, at 3 p.m.

From Nevis, Carrickton, and Quartzville, every
Tuesday, at 3.30 p.m.

From Cardrona, Alberton, Pembroke, Luggate,
and Bendigo, every Thursday, at 3 p.m.

Letters, newspapers, and packets will be re-
directed from one post-office to another on the
written instructions of the persons addressed,
but on re-direction are chargeable with a new
and distinct rate of postage, payable on delivery.

Kawarau Gorge

KAWARAU GORGE COALPIT
AND
LIME-KILN.

The undersigned begs to announce that the above pit is in splendid working order, and that he is raising coals of an excellent quality.

In connection with the pit, he is also working a LIME-KILN, and is prepared at a day's notice to supply first-class building lime in any quantity, and at reasonable rates.

J. W. ROBERTSON.

Bannockburn

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,

Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.



WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,
(Late of Logantown),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS, Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables
AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

Albertown

ALBERT HOTEL,
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S,
ALBERT TOWN.

Luggate

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka).

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a Paddock, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,
Proprietor.

Arrowtown

R. PRITCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,
ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district. A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &c.

Agent for
T. ROBINSON & Co.,
Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,
Dunedin and Melbourne.

Queenstown



THE Right Man in the Right Place.

W. J. BARRY

AT THE

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,
QUEENSTOWN.

The accommodation at the PRINCE OF WALES is unsurpassed. New rooms have lately been erected for private families; and visitors may depend upon every convenience and comfort, combined with moderate charges.

HOT DRINKS.

Hot Purl; hot spiced Ale and Porter; Coffee Royal; hot Coffee and Milk. Steamer always going.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,
Corner of Beach and Rees Streets,
QUEENSTOWN.

ROBERT BOYNE,

GENERAL STOREKEEPER
AND NEWS AGENT,
Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods always on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

CARRON TIMBER YARD,

CAMP-STREET ... QUEENSTOWN,
LAKE WAKATIPU.

A. BOYNE,

begs most respectfully to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and surrounding districts that, having made arrangements for a constant supply of Southland Building Timber (red and white pine and totara, thoroughly seasoned), he is prepared to retail the same at the following very low scale of prices:—

Feather-edged weather-boards, 20s per hundred feet
Scantling—white pine, 20s; red pine, 22s
Sluice-boards—white pine, 25s
Shelving, 22s 6d; dressed, 20s
T & G Lining, 6 x 4, 26s
T & G Flooring, 6 x 1, 28s.

A. B. has also for sale a good assortment of BUILDERS' IRONMONGERY; also, Door Sashes, American Lining, Shelving, and Turnery.
Oils, Paints, Varnish, &c.

All orders punctually attended to.

MINING LEASES REGULATIONS.

PROVINCE OF OTAGO, NEW ZEALAND.

Nevis, February 20, 1874.

To the Warden at Cromwell.

Sir,—I have paid to the District Surveyor the sum required for the survey of the following Gold Mining Lease Application, as required by the Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, upon the approval of this application, to execute a Lease upon the bases therein stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. MASTERS,

For self and partners.

Name and address in full of Applicant.—William Masters, John Allan, William Raby, Robert Davis.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.—Second to None Company.

Extent of Land applied for.—Ten acres.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the Lessees.—For the first three months, four men; subsequently, when in full work, five men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested.—£1000, the half of which has been already expended.

Proposed mode of working the land.—To sluice ground after the bluffs at the Nevis Gorge are removed by blasting, and sufficient fall obtained.

Precise locality.—At and above the Nevis Gorge.

Term for which lease is required.—15 years.

Time of commencing operations.—Immediately upon lease being granted.

General Remarks.—The company are already in possession of a claim which will be included in applicants', and have been working it for sixteen months.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me, at Cromwell, on 10th April, 1874. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a Mining Lease upon the above application must, within forty-nine clear days from the date of such application, enter his objection at my office.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
Warden.

MINING LEASES REGULATIONS.

PROVINCE OF OTAGO, NEW ZEALAND.

Bendigo, February 18, 1874.

To the Warden at Cromwell.

Sir,—I have paid to the District Surveyor the sum required for the survey of the following Gold Mining Lease Application, as required by the Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, upon the approval of this Application, to execute a Lease upon the bases therein stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

JOSIAH MITCHINSON.

Name and address in full of Applicant.—Josiah Mitchinson, Wakefield, Bendigo.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.—Energetic Quartz Mining Company.

Extent of Land applied for.—400 yds x 200.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the Lessees.—For the first three months, two men; subsequently, when in full work, ten men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested.—£6000.

Proposed mode of working the land.—Manual labour and machinery.

Precise locality.—S.E. end of Reliance Co.'s claim.

Term for which lease is required.—15 years.

Time of commencing operations.—After survey.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me at Cromwell on 10th April, 1874. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a Mining Lease upon the above application must, within fifty-one clear days from the date of such application, enter his objection at my office.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
Warden.

FOR SALE.

The Entire Horse
THANE OF CLYDE.

Can be seen at Mr Goodger's stables, Cromwell.

For particulars, apply

BELFAST STORE,
Cromwell.

DUNEDIN NOTES.

By O. P. Q.

Mr Holloway, the gentleman who recently arrived from England on a tour of inspection of this Colony in the interests of the English agricultural labourers, has received a very cordial welcome from our Provincial authorities, and has within the past day or two left town on a trip to the Taieri portion of the Province. He intends, I believe, thoroughly to enquire into the resources and suitability of the Province, and likewise to judge by thorough personal inspection as to the likelihood of farm labourers succeeding in bettering their condition by emigrating. Mr Holloway will doubtless take away with him a favourable report of the Province and Colony, and as a result therefrom we will, I hope, have an influx of a class of labour which is apparently much needed in New Zealand, if one is to judge by the report of the labour officers and the advertisements that appear in the newspapers.

There seems every probability that the Caledonian claim will shortly be in the hands of a Limited Liability Company, the prospectus being now advertised in the Dunedin papers. There seems a general impression amongst those who have hitherto taken an interest in reefing matters that the claim in question is one which it is worth while to invest in to a moderate extent, and yet even while they grant this it is generally accompanied by a shake of the head, and a doubtful expression of countenance. The fact of the matter is that so many people in Dunedin have been out of pocket by reason of similar investments, that they are all looked upon now with distrust. Mr Stephenson may reckon on having some little difficulty in getting the whole of the shares off, yet with the exercise of a little patience, and with the additional exercise of activity and "push" on the part of his broker, I have no doubt the Company will be floated.

Some little time since Dunedinites were provided cheap amusement in a newspaper warfare which took place between a number of anonymous writers and a young "limb of the law" who had just passed his examination, and who headed an advertisement which he inserted in the papers with words to the effect that he desired to be patronised by the "old identities." The lawyer certainly got the worst of it, being chafed rather unmercifully by his opponents. Nothing undaunted, however, he has latterly again come before the public in the shape of a newspaper correspondent, manifesting a deep interest in a rather alarming variety of subjects which he appears to have at his fingers' end. The deep interest which the old identity lawyer has suddenly taken in matters social and political has produced more anonymous letters, which have given rise to speculations as to whether they are satirical or genuine in the lavish flattery they contain. Couched in terms flattering in the extreme to the individual of whom they speak, they might be pointed to by him with pardonable pride, were it not that there are sundry little bits peeping out every now and again which seem to warrant a different construction being put upon the letters. Such a reference, for example, as the time Mr C. would have to steal from his heavy professional duties were he to come forward as a candidate for the Provincial Council, seems rather like "taking a rise" out of the individual in question; and another, that "the public could rest satisfied, were Mr C. to consent to stand for the election, that no consideration of a pecuniary nature would influence him—such, for example, as the paltry salary attached to the Provincial Solicitorship." These letters have been creating considerable amusement, but doubtless will not be viewed in a very satisfactory light by the person most interested.

The Daily Times is always getting into hot water. It has again put its foot into it, this time with the Otago Schoolmasters' Association. In a leading article on the 20th ult. the Times made use of the words "clerics who were full of profound interest in the morals of Aniteum natives and the religious convictions of the savages in the Malay Archipelago, but did not care a jot for the Walker-street brothels or the immoralities of our District schools." What on earth the writer means in his concluding remark, goodness knows. The Schoolmasters' Association have, however, taken the matter up, and its secretary addressed a letter to the Education Board on the subject. The Board recommended the Association to apply to the Editor of the Times for an explanation.

Telegrams from Dunedin, published in the Mount Ida Chronicle, dated Friday evening, contain the following items of news:—"The Break-of-day Claim, Lyell, yielded from fifty-six tons of stone 400 ounces.—The evidence taken in the Mongol enquiry establishes the fact that the immigrants were put on board at Plymouth in a very sickly condition. The medical man placed on board at London had to be discharged for misbehaviour.—Herbert's sawmills at Tapanui have been destroyed by fire."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—A cure for abscesses, piles, fistula, and sores of every description.—The very satisfactory results arising from the use of this invaluable Ointment, when the Patients have been suffering from any of the above disorders, have induced the Medical Profession to introduce it into the hospitals and their private practice, and in many instances where the sufferer was considered incurable, Holloway's Ointment in conjunction with his Pills has healed the most desperate cases. These medicines are also unequalled for the cure of scrofula, scurvy, and all diseases of the skin, and the cures they effect are not temporary or imperfect, for their purifying powers bring about a marvellous and most beneficial change in the whole system, and enable it, with renovated powers, to resist future attacks of the same disease.

24 10s. PER OUNCE FOR GOLD.

GOLD will be found to be worth the above price by purchasing at the
GREAT CLEARING SALE
at **W. TALBOYS**
LONDON HOUSE,
CROMWELL.

NEVIS RACE MEETING

TO BE HELD ON
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
17th and 18th March.

STEWARDS:

Mr D. SCALLY Mr A. WILLIAMSON
Mr A. SPENCE Mr G. STRATFORD
Mr J. C. BAYLEY.

JUDGE.—Mr J. DRIPPS.

STARTER.—Mr G. STRATFORD.

CLERK OF THE COURSE.—A. WILLIAMSON.

FIRST DAY.

DISTRICT MAIDEN PLATE, of 10 sovs. For all horses that have never won an advertised prize exceeding £5. Weight for age. Distance, one mile. Entrance, 10s.

DISTRICT FLYING HANDICAP, of 20 sovs. One mile and a distance. Entrance, one sov.

HACK SELLING RACE (open race), of 10 sovs. Three-quarter mile heats without dismounting; fifteen minutes between the heats. The winner to be sold for £10, and any surplus to go to the race fund. No weight less than 10st. Post entry, 10s.

NEVIS HANDICAP (open race), of 20 sovs, with a sweepstake of one sov.; amount accruing from sweep to go to second horse. Entrance, one sov. Distance, one mile. Sweep to be paid not later than 12 o'clock on the day of the races, at the Shamrock Hotel.

HURRY SCURRY, of 5 sovs. Post entry, 5s. For *bona fide* hacks. No horses qualified to run that are entered for any other race at this meeting. Distance, once round the course. No weight less than 9st.

SECOND DAY.

DISTRICT MINERS' AND PACKERS' PURSE, of 10 sovs. Distance, one mile and a quarter. No weight less than 10st. Post entry, 10s.

TROTting RACE, of 5 sovs. For horses the *bona fide* property of miners residing in the Nevis Valley. Post entry, 10s, to be added to the stakes. Distance, twice round the course. Weight, 11st.

NEVIS JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP, (open race), of 25 sovs., with a sweep of three sovs.; nomination, one sov. Weights to be declared on the night of the first day's racing. The remainder of the sweep to be paid not later than 11 a.m. on Wednesday, the 18th March, at the Shamrock Hotel. Second horse to receive £5 from the stake. Distance, one mile and a half.

OPEN RACE, of 5 sovs. Entrance, 5s. Catch weights. Once round the course. Post entry.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP (open race), of 10 sovs. For all beaten horses. Distance, one mile. Entrance, 10s.

No person shall be allowed to enter or run a horse for any race in this programme unless such horse be the *bona fide* property of a subscriber of not less than £1 is to the race fund, (Hack Race, Open Race of 5 sovs., and Trotting Race excepted.)

Entrances for the Maiden Plate, Flying Handicap, and Nevis Handicap (open) will be received by the Secretary at the Shamrock Hotel not later than 8 p.m. of 9th March; also, nominations for the Nevis Jockey Club Handicap at the same time. Weights for the Flying Handicap and Nevis Handicap to be declared at the Kaurau Hotel, Cromwell, and at the Port Philip Hotel, Clyde, on the 11th March; and advertised in the *Dunstan Times* of March 13.

All horses entered for the District Maiden Plate, Flying Handicap, Miners' and Packers' Purse, and Trotting Race must be Nevis horses, and the *bona fide* property of residents of Nevis Valley six weeks previous to the day of races. Other races open to all comers.

No entry will be received for any of the above races except on the condition that all disputes, claims, and objections arising out of the racing shall be decided by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint, such decision to be final.

Jockey costume insisted on; any jockey riding in colours other than those entered will be fined two guineas.

Dunstan Jockey Club rules adhered to as far as practicable.

N.B.—Three entries or no race.

THOMAS IVATTS,

Secretary.

WANTED, a Servant. Apply to Mrs J. SOLOMON.

WANTED.—A Lad or Youth. Good Wages given. Apply to WM. EAMES, Dunstan Hotel, Clyde.

WANTED, a STONEMASON. Apply to the undersigned, at Kaurau Station. JAMES COWAN.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
The well-known
SHEPHERD'S CREEK HOTEL.
For particulars, apply on the premises.
J. HALLIDAY.

CAUTION

ANYONE illegally in possession of CASKS bearing our brands—DW, WB, or WM—will be prosecuted, as in no case do we sell them.

JAMES WILSON & CO.,
Well Park Brewery, Dunedin.

FOR SALE.
One No. 8, Plantress (Smith & Wellstood) STOVE, with fittings complete.
Also, one superior IRON BEDSTEAD, with Mattress.
All entirely new.
Apply to
E. LINDSAY.

REV. MR. McNAUGHTON, Presbyterian Church, will preach as follows:—
March 8.—Bannockburn, 4 p.m.; Cromwell, 7 p.m.
March 15.—Gorge, 4 p.m.; Cromwell, 7 p.m.
March 22.—Bannockburn, 4 p.m.; Cromwell, 7 p.m.
March 29.—Gorge, 4 p.m.; Cromwell, 7 p.m.

New Advertisements.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE is hereby given that JOHN HALLIDAY, of Shepherd's Creek, Bannockburn, in the Province of Otago, Hotel and Storekeeper, has this day filed in the District Court of the Otago Gold-fields, holden at Clyde, a Declaration of Insolvency, in terms of the provisions of the Bankruptcy Acts.

Dated this 26th day of February, 1874.

JOHN R. COWAN, Cromwell,
Solicitor for Insolvent.

NOTICE.

THE partnership hitherto existing between EAMES and STANBROOK, as Auctioneers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Any debts due or owing will be received and paid by THOMAS STANBROOK, who will continue the auctioneering business.

WM. EAMES

THOS. STANBROOK.

Witness: GEO. CLARK.

February 23rd, 1874.

TENDERS.

TENDERS wanted for the erection, in Melmore-street, Cromwell, of a **STONE COTTAGE.**

Plans and Specifications to be seen at Messrs I. HALLENSTEIN & Co.'s Store, Cromwell.

Tenders to close on March 10th.

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.
Desirable Investment.

Mrs ANN BOX, being about to leave the Colony for England, is willing to treat for the sale of her valuable **FREEHOLD PROPERTY**, situated at the head of Melmore-street.

The furniture will be sold with the house, or separately, as may be desired.

Liberal terms offered.

Apply to Mrs Ann Box, Victoria Hotel.

FOR SALE.

A DOUBLE-BARRELLED GUN, in first-class order. Symons, of Launceston, maker. Will be sold cheap.

E. MURRELL,

Watchmaker.

CENSUS 1874.

ANY PERSONS who may have been inadvertently omitted by the Sub-Examiner of the District in the collection of the Census are requested to communicate with the Census Examiner, Dunedin.

Communications addressed as above will be transmitted post free.

J. SPERRY,

Census Examiner.

WANTED, a **HOUSEMAID**.—Apply immediately, STARKEY'S Kaurau Hotel.

TO MINERS AND OTHERS.

GEORGE FACHE, instructed by Mr B. SIMPSON, who is leaving the Colony, will **SELL** by public auction, on Saturday, March 7, 1874, at 2 p.m. sharp, at Carrickton, without the slightest reserve,

A Wood and Iron **HOUSE** (three rooms),
Cooking Stove, small quantity of Household Furniture, first-class saddle **HACK**,
Ladies' Side-Saddle, Gentleman's Saddle, Bridles, &c. &c.

CARDRONA RACE MEETING

To take place on

MARCH 17 & 18, 1874.

STEWARDS:

Mr A. Douglas, Arrow; Mr Theo. Russell, Wanaka; Messrs G. B. Bond, A. Austin, R. Welsh, R. Hodgson, A. Farquhar, J. Mace, and G. Goldsborough, Cardrona.

JUDGE: Mr R. McDougall.

STARTER: Mr Thomas Tuohy.

CLERK OF THE COURSE: Mr Jason Cullen.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST DAY: TUESDAY.

MAIDEN PLATE, of 10 sovs. For all horses that have never won public money. Distance, one mile; weight for age; entry, 15s.

DISTRICT HANDICAP, of 15 sovs. Open to all horses within a radius of twenty miles from the Post Office, Cardrona, such horse to be the property of the owner one month previous to race. Distance, one mile and a half. Entry, 20s.

LADIES' PURSE, of 15 sovs. Welter-weights for age. Distance, one mile and a quarter. Entry, 20s.

HANDICAP TROTting RACE, of £7 10s. Distance, three miles. Entry, 10s.

ATHLETIC SPORTS during the intervals.

SECOND DAY: WEDNESDAY.

MINERS' PURSE, of 10 sovs. For all horses that have never won public money at any previous meeting, *bona fide* the property of working miners residing in the Cardrona township, or within a radius of ten miles. No weight less than 10st. Entry, 15s.

CARDRONA HANDICAP, of 30 sovs., with a sweep of £1 each added, to go to second horse. Open to all horses. Nominations to be sent in on or before March 16, at 6.30 p.m., addressed to the Hon. Secretary, at McGrath's Golden Age Hotel. Entrance, 20s, to be enclosed with nomination; and 20s to be paid on acceptance. Weights to be declared on the night of March 17, at 9 o'clock.

HACK RACE, of £7 10s. Three-quarter mile heats. No weight less than 10st. Entry, 10s.

HURRY SCURRY, of 5 sovs. Distance, one mile; catch weights; entry, 7s 6d.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP, of — sovs. For all beaten horses during the meeting. Distance, one mile.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. Dunstan Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.
2. Three entries for each event, or no race.
3. No person to enter or nominate a horse, unless he be a subscriber of not less than 20s to the funds. Moreover, no person to enter or nominate a horse not his *bona fide* property, unless the said subscription of 20s be also paid for the actual owner, under forfeiture of any prize such horse may win.
4. All post entry except the Cardrona Handicap.
5. The decision of the Stewards, or whom they may appoint, in all cases of dispute, to be final.

THOS. RUSSELL,

Hon. Secretary.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

Public Notice is hereby given, in conformity with Section 192, "Municipal Corporations Act 1867," that the Regulations made under the various subdivisions of the 13th Schedule of the said Act have been proposed by the Town Council, and that a copy of said regulations is deposited, for the inspection of any person interested therein, at the office of the Council, for seven days from the date hereof.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

BALANCE SHEET

of the
CROMWELL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

for the year ending Nov. 4, 1873.

Dr.	£	s.	d.
To Contributions from Cromwell	63	15	6
Ditto at Church-door	32	9	1
Ditto from Bannockburn	8	1	6
Do. from Bannockburn (per Rev. Mr Drake)	41	15	0
Do. from Gorge (per Mr Drake)	3	12	0
Do. from Gorge	5	16	6
Do. from Quartz Reef Point	6	15	0
Do. per Mrs Carnaby, Nevis	7	0	6
Do. from Cardrona (per Mr Drake)	10	15	6
Do. from Wanaka (per Mr Drake)	10	0	0
Do. from Wanaka	5	0	0

£195 0 7

Cr.	£	s.	d.
By Minister's stipend	193	9	1
Incidental Expenses	1	11	6

£195 0 7

Examined and found correct.

DAVID A. JOLLY

JOHN MARSH

Auditors.

23/2/74.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

AN Invitation BALL & SUPPER will be given at the **MINERS' ARMS HOTEL**, Bannockburn, on **TUESDAY, EVENING,** 17th March.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED.

S. CHAMPION.

FOR SALE.

A TWO-ACRE CLAIM in Adams's Gully, in good working order.—Apply to

ARCHD. RITCHIE,

Bannockburn, or

D. MacKELLAR,

Cromwell.

SUBSCRIBERS and Advertisers who have not yet settled their accounts are respectfully requested to do so. All accounts requiring settlement have been rendered.

BIRTH.

On February 26, at Fairview Cottage, Doctor's Flat, the wife of JAMES CROMBIE, of a son.

Cromwell Argus,

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1874.

We have some remarks in type regarding the Hawea Block, but are obliged to hold them and other matter over till a future issue, in consequence of pressure on our space. Our Dunedin correspondent's letter will be found on our third page.

The Home mail via San Francisco leaves Cromwell to-day at 3 p.m.

The Government have, we are happy to say, seen fit to make, though rather tardily, the *amende honorable* to our worthy Mayor, in appointing him a Justice of the Peace.

The subject of building a Hospital in Cromwell is attracting some attention at present. Two or three cases have occurred lately which have helped to make the wish for one stronger than ever. There was, for instance, the case of Mr John Wilson, who had his leg broken at the Gorge the other day, and had to be conveyed to the Dunstan in a spring cart. The agony he must have endured for about six or seven hours, jolting over this road, and under a burning sun, is something frightful to contemplate. A day or two after, another man had to convey his wife over the same road, and at the same pace, to the Hospital, she being prostrate with low fever. Let us hope she was partly unconscious during the journey. Then there was the case of Harry the Swede from Carrickton, worse still than Wilson's; and numerous other instances if they were needed. Messrs Goodger and Logan, we believe, have offered to subscribe £50 each towards the erection of a Hospital building if the public will take the matter up; and we know of another gentleman, who does not wish his name made public at present, who will subscribe other £30. Others, again, have promised to subscribe, although they do not as yet mention the amounts. We leave the question here for public consideration in the meantime. If the Hospital itself is not proceeded with, some better means of carrying patients to Clyde can and must be devised than the present method of using a common spring-cart. It simply means the condemnation of the sufferer to six or seven hours of slow torture, and, there is strong grounds for supposing, has before now been the means of hastening to an untimely end several patients, who with a better arranged conveyance, or had they lived within easy reach of the Hospital, would have recovered.

Through the courtesy of Inspector Moore, we are enabled to give the following statement of gold forwarded by Escort from Clyde to Dunedin, 2nd March, 1874:—

	ozs.	dwt.
Queenstown	935	5
Cardrona	338	0
Arrow	522	9
Cromwell	1619	3
Clyde	134	1
Alexandra	306	18
Teviot	557	7
Total	4503	3

It is rumoured that it is the intention of the School Committee at Albertown to close the school for a time, the reason being that in consequence of recent changes and removals the attendance is not sufficient to justify their carrying on. This would be a great misfortune to the people in that district, and is a step which should not be taken except in the last extremity.

Last Wednesday the weather suddenly took quite a wintry change, and one which, we see by our exchanges, has been universal over the province. On Thursday morning the mountains all round were covered with snow. The change, though unusually sudden and severe, even for this country, will, it is thought, have a good effect upon those who have been suffering from the low fever which has lately been common.

No gold was sent through the Gold Receiver by last Escort from this district.

It is currently reported that several parties have lately found great difficulty in getting a supply of medicines in Cromwell for persons lying sick. In several instances, it is said that messengers have had to be dispatched to Clyde for medicinal articles which could not be obtained in this place. Such a state of things is not creditable to a township which professes to be the central township of such a large district, and steps should be taken to induce a qualified chemist and druggist to settle among us.

A general meeting of the Cromwell Miners' Association was held on Saturday evening, in the Town-hall; Mr. Arkell, president, occupying the chair. The business was, to appoint a delegate to attend the Mining Conference which is now sitting at Clyde. Very few besides the members of Committee were present, chiefly, it may reasonably be supposed, in consequence of the short notice which had been given of the meeting, and for which the Central Association is a little to blame. The subjects which will engage the attention of the Conference were discussed at considerable length for the benefit of the delegate who might be appointed. Messrs Arkell, Wood, Barker, Vaughan, and Colclough were each proposed, and each declined the office, as it would interfere seriously with his ordinary business. After a while, however, Mr. Colclough consented to take the appointment, and it was unanimously conferred upon him. It was then resolved to pay the delegate at the rate of 27s. 6d. per day while the Conference lasted. And partly for this purpose, and partly to increase the funds of the Association, it was agreed to levy the sum of 5s. upon each of the members. The call, we may mention, was at once paid by all the members present.

Contractors are reminded that the tenders for the erection of the Atheneum Hall should be delivered to Mr. Jolly on or before Thursday first, at 7 p.m. The Committee meets on that evening, at 8 p.m.

The Alexandra School, we have heard, and have reason to believe, is conducted in such a way as to merit the warm approval of the Inspector. We trust the Alexandra "Mother," who writes so persistently to the *Tuapeka Times* on the subject, will also have had occasion to be satisfied.

The demand for water at the Bannockburn is so great that a larger number of heads could be profitably disposed of by the Bannockburn Water Race Company than they can command. If the water were sold by auction as some wish it, extraordinary rentals would be realised. The Company, however, have adopted a fixed scale of charges, and do not wish to take advantage of the extreme demand. Now that the benefit of the increased supply brought in by the Bannockburn Company is being felt, a very lively interest is beginning to be taken in the affairs of the Carrick Water Company.

During the hearing of an application for a water-race in the Warden's Court on Friday last, his Worship took occasion to impress upon applicants the necessity of being most particular in stating the full particulars of any application they might have to make. This, his Worship said, was for two special reasons: first, that if he had the slightest reason to suspect any carelessness in giving descriptions at any time, he would make it an invariable rule to refuse the application; and second, that even if granted, the grant would not hold good if a dispute ever arose, because the application could be produced, and the defective or careless description discovered. The remarks of his Worship applied more especially to water-races; many being under the impression that once the grant was made it was all right.

Mr G. T. Stephenson has issued his new prospectus for the formation of a company to work the "Caledonian," on the Carrick Range. It will shortly be published in this district. It appears likely to be a success.

Mr Petrie, the Inspector of Schools, visited the Cromwell school on Friday last, and subjected the scholars to a very close and searching examination. A few of the parents were present during the day. The school has been very much broken up lately on account of the sickness which has been so unfortunately prevalent, and for other unavoidable reasons, so that we are afraid a very good report cannot be expected on this occasion. On Saturday, Mr Petrie examined the Bannockburn and Kawarau Gorge side schools. There was an attendance of 20 at the one and 15 at the other. The Bannockburn school committee mustered in great force, being all present but one. We believe they took occasion to draw Mr Petrie's attention to several of their most pressing wants, and judging from the energy they themselves display good results may be anticipated. The appointment of a new master was to have taken place yesterday evening, but we have not yet heard the result. We trust they will succeed in finding a good one, as the school is likely to be a most important one yet. If they are successful, we also earnestly hope they will find ways and means to pay him a little better than is at present proposed. £150 a year is not enough for a properly qualified teacher in this district, and the result of fixing such low rates of salary will only end in reducing (as, in fact, it has already done,) the standard of teachers in this colony. We regret to hear that the Kawarau Gorge school is likely to be closed for a short time, as Mr Burrows is desirous of quitting the office of teacher.

The Census enumerators are now busily engaged in collecting the papers left by them. Everyone should study to give the enumerators as little trouble as possible in so doing.

The Manager of the Carrick Water Company informs us that about 1200 shares have been applied for since the Directors resolved to re-open the share-list. The applications are mostly confined to this district and that of St. Bathans.

The regulations drawn up and presented to the Town Council at their last meeting are now lying in the Town-clerk's office for the inspection of the citizens. We would recommend a careful perusal of them. We have only had time to glance at them as yet, but we notice that whilst no person south of Inniscort-street will be allowed to keep pigs in the township, persons north of that street can keep as many as they please.

We believe that it is the intention of Middle Jenny Claus, the eminent violinist, to make a tour through the Province at an early date. The Claus-Rekel concerts in Dunedin are just now attracting great attention and drawing large houses.

The Morven Hills station was purchased by Colonel Whitmore for the sum of £125,000. The purchase embraces 200 head of cattle, (including 40 working bullocks and 50 horses,) and 140,000 sheep.

The manager of the Elizabeth reports a crushing of 201 tons for 160 ounces of gold. This result, although expected by the mine manager, was not talked about, as so many disappointments have been experienced by the company that it was thought desirable not to raise expectations which might possibly result in disappointment. It is only fair, however, to state there appears no reason why the next should not be equally good. Half a dozen such crushings would place the company among the dividend paying ones.

A statement which appeared in the *Daily Times* respecting the "immoralities of some of our district schools" was the cause of some remark at the meeting of the Education Board on Wednesday last, the Schoolmasters' Association having made a request that a searching investigation into the truth of it should be made. The Board recommended the Association to inquire at the *Daily Times* for more specific information regarding the immoralities alluded to. Since then a letter has appeared in the *Times* calling attention to a habit amongst children, which, we regret to say, is becoming very common in this town also,—of writing filthy and obscene language on every available wall space. The writer evidently means it to be inferred that the schoolmasters are greatly to blame for allowing the habit to become so general. Schoolmasters, doubtless, could do a great deal to stop the practice; but surely the parents are principally to blame in the matter. A very large number of them are too fond of delegating the supervision of the entire mental and moral training of their children to their teachers.

Mr Grace, of the England Eleven, confesses that he has been thoroughly surprised at the advance which cricketing has made in these Colonies. In regard to bowling, Grace says that Allan, of the Melbourne team, is the best in the world.

The election of a Mayor for Arrowtown, which on the first occasion resulted in a tie, was held on February 27; and the voting was as follows:—Goldston, 41; Pritchard, 40.

From the *Tuapeka Times* we learn that Messrs Yeend and Pope, the new coach proprietors, have completed arrangements for running a line of coaches between Lawrence and Queenstown, three times a week. Whether this is to be an independent line, or in connection with one of the present coach proprietors, which is likely, we have not heard; but in any case, the public will benefit.

The following was the only business of interest to our readers which came before the last meeting of the Waste Lands Board:—A communication was read from the District Land Officer at Clyde, asking if the Waste Lands Board would obtain the approval of the Superintendent and the Provincial Council to the petition of Theodore Russell, to be allowed to purchase block VIII., occupied by him. It was decided that the District Officer should be requested to advise the Board upon what grounds it should act.—Messrs Haggitt Bros. and Brent, on behalf of Captain Fraser, applied for his pre-emptive for Run 335B, Lake Hawea, in virtue of his pastoral license not yet expired. It was resolved that the application should be considered when the land had been surveyed.

Mr Fitzgerald has been lecturing in Hokitika on "Journalism." From the tone of his lecture it would appear that he knows considerably more about the financial position of several newspapers in the Colony than the proprietors and shareholders do themselves. However, there was one redeeming feature in the lecture, and that was the last paragraph, which is as follows:—"My advice, therefore, if you will allow me to give it, is—Read the newspapers; and in the interests of their proprietors I will add, 'Don't forget to pay your subscriptions.'"

The inhabitants of the Cromwell district are sometimes puzzled to know which is the best and cheapest establishment to purchase their supplies of drapery and clothing at. They should no longer remain in doubt on that score. If they will only pay one visit to W. TALBOYS' London House, they will discover for themselves that it is not only the cheapest but the best store at which to deal for these articles. Mr Talboys has made arrangements to import his stock direct from the Home markets, and the public can rest assured that everything will be sold by him at an advance only sufficient to repay the original cost, and return a fair percentage on the outlay. Every article in Mr Talboys' establishment is marked in plain figures, from which no abatement is ever made. A fuller description of the stock will be found in advertisement in another column.—[A.D.V.]

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

We would remind our readers that we have now entered upon the last month in which qualified persons, who are not possessed of votes already, can enrol themselves as electors either for the Colony or for the Province. Every person who has not a vote, and yet possesses the qualification for one, should make it his duty to have his name on the Electoral Roll. It is all very well to possess a vote under a Miner's Right, but that, as surely ought to be well known by this time, does not enable a man to vote for the Superintendency, and it is liable to all sorts of accidents. For instance, it may be a day or two beyond the regulation time before the Right is renewed, and then it is valueless as a vote-authorising paper till it has become six months old; the owner, even if he renews in time, may neglect to have the word "renewed" marked upon it, and again it is useless till it has become six months old. The Right may be lost, or it may be in the hands of an agent for application purposes; in short, it is liable to a hundred chances, the occurrence of any one of which may deprive its owner of his right to vote. We cannot help thinking what an aggravating thing it must be to any man who has any idea above the mere living for the sake of making a living, when an election time comes round, and he is obliged to absent himself from the polling booth, because he has no vote. To use a common expression, he must feel himself rather small. It is quite useless trying to adduce any argument in favour of every qualified person enrolling himself as a voter. If a man cannot see the necessity of his doing so to be both a privilege and a duty, it is useless reasoning with him—he is a hopeless case. He is one of the helpless individuals who simply exist in a community, who toil and slave hard enough in a bodily sense, but who do not help to advance the world one single inch from the position in which they found it.

One consideration may be mentioned which should induce Miners' Associations and other political bodies to do all in their power to push on the registration of votes to as great an extent as possible. It is this: that the importance of a place or district is very often judged in the Provincial Council or in the House of Representatives by the number of electors who are upon the roll. Members of these bodies do not take time to inquire the reason why one district which claims to be of importance should only have fifty names on its electoral roll, while another, of which little is even mentioned, should be able to boast of three or four hundred. What member of the Provincial Council or of the House of Representatives, to take an example, can believe, (unless the matter is fully explained to him,) that the Kawarau district is one of any importance, although it is somewhere about sixty miles in length by twenty in breadth, when he sees that it contains only a trifle over three hundred registered voters? His conclusion will naturally be (in the absence of better knowledge) that a district which only contains one voter to every four square miles is a very barren one indeed, and unworthy of the least attention.

Forms of Registration can be obtained at the Court-house, we understand.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Protection.—William Buchanan applied for protection for his quartz claim at Carrick Range: 60 days' were granted.—John Salton and five others were granted 60 days' for claim at Carrick, this being an amended application.—The Royal Standard Co. were granted six months' protection for their hut.

Extended Claims.—George Wells and another, two acres at Whitten's creek, Nevis. Certificate ordered to issue when miners' rights duly presented.—Thomas Howell and three others, four acres on Whitten's flat: granted.—Thomas Downie and another, two acres at No. 1 gully, Bendigo terrace: granted.—Andrew Hunter and another, two acres in Bailey's gully: granted.—Daniel Cottar, one acre in Pipeclay gully: granted.—Wm. Anderson, one acre on Doctor's flat: granted.

Tail Races.—Thomas Hunter and three others, 300 yards from claim at Nevis. Objections were made by Wong and party. Tail-race was granted, on condition that it is constructed so as not to interfere with objectors.—George Wells and another, 300 yards from claim: granted on same condition as claim.—James Crombie and another, 300 yards from claim at Doctor's flat: granted.

Water Races.—William Anderson, one sluice-head from Rappoo gully: granted.—John Werner, three sluice-heads from north branch of Kirtleburn: granted.

Tunnels.—James Crombie and another were granted permission for tunnel 400 feet long from Pipeclay gully.—Daniel Cottar was granted permission for tunnel 60 feet long from same gully.

Residence Area.—A residence area of one acre was granted A. Williamson, of Seally's store, at the Nevis.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

C L Y D E.

MONDAY EVENING.

The Conference of Delegates met at 3.10 p.m. No delegates have yet arrived from Tuapeka or Cardrona. Mr Healey, from the Arrow, has been appointed Chairman; Mr Colclough, from Cromwell, Hon. Secretary. Rules of procedure have been adopted. The question of water pollution comes on for discussion to-morrow.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

D U N E D I N.

MONDAY, 12.30 p.m.

Messrs E. B. Cargill, C. R. Chapman, and Barnard Isaac are the candidates for the seat in the Provincial Council rendered vacant by Mr Bathgate's resignation.

The ship Carnatic, from London, arrived at the Heads on Friday night. She has been quarantined, owing to scarlet fever and measles having been raging on board. Five deaths took place on voyage.

Mr Turton has resigned the Provincial Solicitorship, as well as his seat in the Executive.

Intelligence reached town on Saturday night that Patrick Long, keeper of the Kai-korai hotel, had murdered a labouring man named Nicholas McDonald, at nine o'clock that evening. It appears McDonald and other men had been drinking at Long's hotel, and were ejected for creating a disturbance. McDonald tried to force his way in, threw stones at the house, and otherwise misconducted himself, whereupon Long came out with a loaded revolver and shot him. The ball entered his right temple, death being instantaneous. Long is now in custody.

Mr Vogel was entertained at a banquet at Auckland on Friday night.

[Part of the following was published by us as an Extra on Saturday morning last.]

The Claud Hamilton arrived at Hokitika on Saturday morning. The following are the principal items of news she brings:—

A U S T R A L I A N.

MELBOURNE, Feb. 21.

Inquest in Reynolds' case is adjourned. Detectives think they have some clue.

A testimonial is to be presented to Bishop Perry, who is leaving for England, after presiding for 28 years over the Anglican diocese of Melbourne.

The All-England won the cricket match against the Victorian Fifteen; and beat Sandhurst with nine wickets to spare.

S Y D N E Y.

The Hume information about Leichardt is a swindle. He has arrived without any letters or manuscript, and says he lost them.

C A B L E T E L E G R A M S.

LONDON, Feb. 14.

A disastrous fire has occurred at the Pan-technicon, Belgrave square. Pictures to the value of £250,000, and an immense quantity of valuable furniture, were destroyed.

The elections are concluded. 350 Conservatives returned, and 302 Liberals.

Cardwell, Fortescue, and Enfield have been raised to the peerage.

Gladstone has resigned, and Disraeli is forming a Ministry.

Among the rejected are the following late Ministers: Viscount Enfield; Young, Lord-Advocate of Scotland; Fortescue, President of Board of Trade; Greville, Junior Lord of the Treasury; Lord Fitzgerald, Comptroller of Household; Ayrton, Advocate-General; Herbert Home, Under-Secretary.

Wool sales opened with great spirit; prices same as last sale.

TUESDAY, 9 a.m.

Patrick Long was yesterday committed to take his trial at the next session of the Supreme Court for wilful murder at Green Island.

Shaw, Saville, and Co.'s barque Aniza, from London, went ashore at Dunold's Bay, Auckland, at 9 o'clock on Sunday evening. The accident is unaccountable; it was a bright moonlight night. Some of the passengers say the captain had been at the wheel some time before the accident occurred, and had not been long relieved. They blame him for the accident.

It is further stated that some of the passengers and crew wanted to lash the captain to the mast, in order that they might leave the ship, which he tried to prevent them doing. On this threat, he consented.

The steamer Golden Crown has gone to endeavour to get her off, but up to 8 o'clock last night was unsuccessful; and there is little chance of her succeeding.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Will you please notify to my countrymen that the Corporation of Cromwell do not give contracts to the lowest tenderer. As my countrymen work cheap, they are likely to be the lowest tenderers, and I would wish to save them the trouble of making calculations, when their tenders will not be accepted by the Council. The European and the Chinaman are not treated alike by the Council, although professing to be impartial. The Council pay nearly ten pounds more to a European than a Chinaman asks, and the people must suffer by it.—I am, &c.,

MAH HOZY.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The ordinary meeting of the Town Council was held on Thursday evening, 28th inst., at which were present: The Mayor (Mr. Dawkins), and Councillors Grant, Hayes, Pierce, Shanly, Wright, and Jolly. A very respectable number of citizens were also present, attracted by the hope of hearing the water supply question thoroughly discussed. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and confirmed, the correspondence was read and received. The letter from the Bannockburn Miners' Association was ordered, on the motion of Cr Wright, seconded by Cr Shanly, to stand over till next meeting.

TOWN REGULATIONS.

The report of the Legislative Committee was then read. It contained a list of regulations for the better management of town affairs.

After a short discussion, on the motion of Cr Grant, seconded by Cr Hayes, the regulations were received and adopted. The 1st of April was fixed as the date for issuing the slaughtering licenses referred to in some of the regulations.

THE DUST NUISANCE.

The Mayor then reported that a Committee of the Council had met on Wednesday night, and selected a number of sections, amounting to about eight acres, in accordance with an arrangement come to with the Government for the abatement of the dust nuisance. The sections selected were 1 to 9 of block XI., 13 and 14 of block XIII., 8 to 10 and 12 to 14 of block XIV., and 1 to 14 of block LXII. The Mayor reminded the Councillors that the understanding was, that such a reserve would be granted to the Corporation on condition that the Council took measures to reclaim it from its present waste condition. Cr Grant strongly advised the Council to approve of the selection made by the Committee. Cr Shanly also urged the adoption of the selection. He said that if it was approved of by the Government, it might eventually prove a great blessing to the town. He moved that the selection of the Public Works Committee be approved and adopted. Seconded by Cr Wright. Cr Pierce wanted to know where the sections were, and whether the other Councillors knew where they were; till he knew all about them he would not consent to their being approved of. The Mayor, Crs Grant, Shanly, and Jolly tried to explain the positions of the various sections, but were not successful in overcoming Cr Pierce's scruples, till finally the map of the township was produced. Cr Pierce had an amendment prepared, but the production of the map appeared to act like "oil on the troubled waters," for after just a glance at it all opposition was withdrawn. The motion was then carried; and the Town Clerk was instructed to report the conclusion arrived at to the District Surveyor.

ACCOUNTS.

Accounts were laid before the Council from Messrs Hallenstein and Co., and from Mr J. Wright, £19 15s. Hallenstein and Co.'s was passed for payment. The portion of Mr Wright's which included his three months' contract, £9 15s, was passed, but the other portion, £10, for twenty days' extra work, was reserved for the consideration of the Finance Committee.

At this stage of the proceedings the Mayor intimated to the public assembled that the Council would now go into committee to open certain tenders. The effect, of course, was to clear the room of all the strangers.

TENDERS.

Tenders were then opened for contract No. 11. They were as follows:—R. E. Dagg, £142 10s.; Nesbitt Bros., £119 6s. 3d.; Mah Hoey, £110; W. Williams, £7 12s. 6d. per chain.

Cr Grant proposed, and Cr Grant seconded, that the tender of Mah Hoey, being the lowest, be accepted.

Cr Shanly proposed, and Cr Wright seconded an amendment, that Nesbitt Bros.' tender be accepted, they being men who understand the work.

The amendment was carried; Crs Grant and Jolly voting for the motion, Crs Shanly, Wright, and Hayes for the amendment, and Cr Pierce declining to vote at all.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

After the business of the contracts was over, the public were again admitted to the Council Chamber, but comparatively few put in an appearance. Cr Hayes then proposed the motion of which he had given notice, "That measures be taken without delay to provide a more efficient supply of water for the town of Cromwell." It was seconded by Cr Pierce and carried. In proposing his resolution, Cr Hayes strongly urged the Firewood Creek scheme upon the attention of the Council.

Cr Hayes proposed, and Cr Jolly seconded, a proposition to purchase Messrs Strahan and Barker's water rights in the Firewood Creek; but this was withdrawn after a long discussion had taken place on the subject. Cr Jolly argued that the work would be a reproductive one, even if it cost more than £3000, and that Cromwell, while at the present exceptionally ill supplied with water, possessed unexampled facilities for obtaining a good and abundant supply. He also pointed out the power the Council had, under the Water Works Empowering Act, to borrow money for the purpose, and said he felt confident that many who now lodged sums of £50 and £100 in the banks at 3 per cent. interest, would gladly avail themselves of a Corporation guarantee of seven or eight per cent. In the event of Messrs Barker and Strahan refusing to sell, Cr Jolly showed that the Council, if so determined, had power to take it, subject to a fair valuation.

Or Grant advised the Council to pause before rushing too far with this water question. They should first ascertain the cost, or the likely cost, and then the proper steps to be taken to borrow the money for such a purpose. He thought that there were several Corporations which had been too hasty in matters of this kind. Besides, there were differences of opinion as to the quality of the water which could be got from Firewood Creek, and some people were inclined to favour the Lowburn as the source from which the water should be taken. He therefore proposed that, "Samples of water from the Firewood Creek and Lowburn should be sent to Professor Black, in Dunedin, for analysis." Cr Shanly thought that it would be as well to do so, as it would settle all doubts on the matter, and at a future time they could not be blamed for incurring expense for a scheme of which they did not know the merits. He would therefore second the motion. Cr Pierce made a few remarks. Cr Jolly strongly opposed Cr Grant's resolution, as it would cause delay, and, he thought, in fact, it was intended for that purpose; perhaps to let the question drop altogether. He could not see why Cr Grant should complicate the matter by mentioning the Lowburn at all. Cr Grant explained that he did not wish either to complicate or delay the matter; that in fact, so far from doing so, he had prepared certain resolutions (of which the motion was one) to assist in carrying out Cr Hayes' motion. Cr Grant then read five resolutions on the subject. A great deal of further discussion took place on the motion, in which the Mayor and Cr Shanly supported, and Crs Jolly and Pierce opposed the motion; but it was ultimately carried, with the understanding that an analysis of the Bridge Well water should also be obtained.

Cr Jolly then proposed, Cr Grant seconded, and it was resolved, that the nature of Messrs Strahan and Barker's rights, and the probable cost of purchasing them, should be ascertained by the Public Works Committee.

Cr Grant proposed, Cr Hayes seconded, and it was resolved, to consult Mr Cowan, solicitor, as to the proper steps to be taken under the Waterworks Empowering Act to carry out either of the proposed schemes.

Cr Grant proposed, Cr Wright seconded, and it was resolved, that the source of the future water supply should be finally determined at the first meeting of Council held after the reports of Professor Black, of the Solicitor, and of the Public Works Committee were received.

Cr Wright proposed, Cr Shanly seconded, and it was resolved, that the Public Works Committee attend to the procuring and forwarding of samples.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Cr Jolly's notice of motion was allowed to stand over till a further meeting.

NUISANCES.

After some discussion, the Town Clerk was instructed to get a report of the sanitary condition of the town from the Inspector of Nuisances, and also as to the number of pigs which were harboured in the Municipality.

The usual vote of thanks to the Mayor concluded the proceedings.

BENDIGO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

February 24, 1873.

What may be now considered the annual drought still continues, and in consequence, mining, with a few exceptions, is at a standstill in this district. Fearing, and with reason, that my contributions might partake of the universal dryness, I have refrained from inflicting them on your readers; but finding that the news (?) of this place was reaching you apparently by other, and I may be allowed to remark, incorrect channels, I feel it incumbent to take up the pen and give you a full, true, and particular account of our progress, such as it is.

The Cromwell Company have been compelled to suspend crushing, from want of water, but all hands are busily engaged raising stone, which shows no diminution in quality whatever. It is confidently predicted that £30,000 in dividends will be taken out of the mine this year, and I see no reason to doubt the correctness of this estimate. Lucky trio of shareholders! I believe the Golden Link claim is being manned, the protection certificate having reached its limit. I should imagine, as the company have their hands full at present, it would pay them to let this claim on tribute; however, that is their business.

The Reliance Company are still sinking, and are putting on additional hands. The shaft is down over 100 feet, and they have the walls of the reef apparently well defined; the stone is thin, but contains gold, and may widen out at short notice. The proprietors are strong and determined, and evidently intend to set the much wanted example of affording a fair trial to the reef, and "without indulging in too bright visions of the prospects of this company,"—vide a former report from a "casual,"—we may wish them success in their undertaking, and I may further add that the general belief is that their reward is sure.

The Aurora Company have as yet made no progressive movement, and the plant is going fast to ruin this dry weather; doubtless, all will be bustle and activity if a good reef is struck in the Lucknow. In the meantime, I may remind them that the mine has been a long time idle, and the country, we are taught to believe, is a go-ahead country; and there is an old proverb about "time and tide," &c. *Verb. sap.*

The Lucknow tunnel, considering the hardness of the "country," is progressing very satisfactorily. The pipes for withdrawing

the powder-smoke and creating a draught are fixed along the roof to the face, and perform their allotted work well,—admirably indeed when a breeze of wind occurs outside. It is a matter of wonderment that this simple plan of ventilation did not occur to the minds of former workmen, seeing that the principle has been demonstrated in mines and tunnels, &c., for the past sixty years. As soon as competent men can be found,—and of these there seem to be a great scarcity,—an additional shift will be put on, and the much vexed question of the "to be or not to be" of this company will speedily be decided. The report that the rock was getting easier had, as Mr Colclough euphemistically puts it, "no foundation in truth"; it has been, if possible, harder than ever. While on this subject, I must crave a little space to correct a mischievous statement made in your issue of a fortnight since, under the head of "Quartz Mining Memoranda," in which Mr Colclough accuses me of falsehood in reporting this mine. That a leader, supposed by some to be the reef, has been cut through in the tunnel is a fact, as it can be seen any day by the curious; the stone obtained from it is lying in the paddock at the mill, and the former manager informed me that he got gold from it. On speaking to the present manager, Mr Cross, on the subject, he said he had no information in relation to the said leader—it might or might not be the reef; but from the underlay of the lode in the old workings, as given to him, and according to survey he had caused to be made, the reef was still so many feet ahead. He would drive that distance, and then if no stone appeared, he would turn his attention to the leader. This I considered to be a wise resolution, and showed a thorough appreciation of the task entrusted to him. I did not deem it necessary, in my former report, to publish this conversation, but as Mr Colclough had the hardihood to rush in rashly with "no foundation in truth," I give these particulars that your readers may hear both sides. I trust I may be allowed, without being charged with egotism, to fearlessly state that since I first had the honour of appearing as "your own" from this place, I have always written the truth, sometimes not the whole truth, but always the truth, and I appeal to my fellow-residents if this statement has "any foundation in truth." Between you and me, Mr Editor, there are some people to whom the naked truth is simply nauseous, and I will conclude this tiresome subject by quoting "ye ancient proverb," "People who live in glass houses should not throw stones."

I visited the scene of the coal borings a week ago, several having been put down to a depth of 64 feet, but so far without success, a heavy drift being met with which cannot be pierced without the aid of pipes to enclose the rods and keep the stuff back. As I before suggested, a visit from Captain Hutton, or some other practical geologist, would save a vast amount of labour and delay, and, probably, final abandonment. There are undoubtedly coal measures in the locality, but the country is very much broken up, and might even puzzle wiser heads than those engaged in the undertaking. They have a seam of petroleum shale visible, of tolerable quality, judging from a personal trial I gave it—in a crude fashion; it produced a fair jet of gas, which burnt brilliantly. I believe a sample has been sent to Dunedin for analysis. But whatever the return may be, the prospectors must remember that coal also is indispensable in the production of "ile;" and in furtherance of its discovery, I say therefore to them once again, in the name of all the sufferers here who have to pay from £3 to £5 10s. for lignite,—Send for the Government geologist.

BANNOCKBURN & CARRICK RANGE MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

The attendance at the *pro re nata* meeting of the above Association, held at the school-house on Wednesday last, being rather limited, the business of the evening could not be brought to a satisfactory conclusion; it was therefore resolved to adjourn the meeting until the Saturday following, on which occasion, notwithstanding that every means had been used of giving publicity to the importance of the object,—that of electing a delegate for the forthcoming Mining Conference,—a considerable number of the members failed to put in an appearance.

Messrs William Buchan and James Crombie were the only two who stood as candidates for the distinction, and the ballot disclosed a majority for the former gentlemen of six out of twenty-six votes.

On the motion of Mr Humphrey, seconded by Mr Smiddy, it was resolved, "That a levy of half-a-crown be made upon each of the members present, for the purpose of augmenting the funds of the Association, so as to meet the expenses incurred by the delegate; same levy to be also made upon the rest of the members."

Mr E. Chilton then proposed, and Mr Griffiths seconded, "That Mr Buchan be paid one pound per day by the Association during the sitting of the Conference." Carried.

Mr Buchan, after listening attentively to the suggestions of several of the members, said he thought it only right to mention that although he might not have had the same experience in mining matters as older colonists possess, still he had sufficient confidence in himself to go down to the Conference with the conviction that none there would out-ride him in earnestness of purpose, or advocate more zealously any measures tending to prove beneficial to the mining interests.

CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY CO., REGISTERED.

Nominal Capital £12,000.

In 12,000 shares of £1 each.

SECOND ALLOTMENT OF SHARES.

DIRECTORS.

Mr JAMES TAYLOR Mr JOHN MARSH
" JAMES HAZLETT " WILLIAM GRIFFITHS
" DAVID A. JOLLY " WM. GOLDSMITH
" Mr JAMES STUART

An extraordinary meeting of shareholders was held in the Company's office on Wednesday, 11th February, 1874, at which it was resolved to re-open the share list of the Company, which, it will be recollected, was closed upon the 1st of December last, and up till which time 2195 shares had been taken up.

The same meeting authorised the Directors to borrow the sum of £4000 from the Government, to aid in carrying on the works if it were found necessary. It was unanimously felt that even if it should not be required, the power to draw upon such a sum would give increased stability to the Company.

Eleven and a half miles of the race have been already completed, at a cost of nearly £3000, and there only remain now a little more than six and a half miles to be finished before the race is complete. During the progress of these six miles, creeks will be crossed from which seventeen sluiceways of water are granted to the Company, independently of the Coal Creek supply. About four chains at the present time only remain to be cut, before a creek is reached from which two heads are granted. The Directors at the same time do not wish to conceal the fact that the completion of the six miles will be attended with as much difficulty as was met with in the first eleven and a half miles.

The Directors feel assured that the merits of the Carrick water scheme are too well known and recognised to require many remarks from them. The water will, when brought in, command one of the largest sluicing and quartz mining districts in Otago, and one which only requires a supply of water to develop its hitherto almost untouched resources. As an instance of the demand which at present exists for water on the Carrick, it may be mentioned that the sum of five pounds per week is now paid by the United Star and Oak and Elizabeth quartz companies for a supply which cannot be said to equal one-quarter of a sluiceway.

Under all the circumstances briefly indicated above, the Directors expect to be well supported in further prosecuting the undertaking. Eight of the local shareholders who were present at the extraordinary meeting were so well satisfied with the progress of the work, that their names were put down at the conclusion of the meeting for 780 additional shares.

The conditions under which shares will be allotted are as follows:—Two shillings and sixpence to be paid upon application, and the balance in monthly instalments of two shillings and sixpence each.

D. MACKELLAR,
Manager.

V.  R.

NOTICE.—Instructions have been given to the various GOLD RECEIVERS to receive PARCELS OF GOLD for TRANSMISSION to the MELBOURNE MINT. Each parcel to be not less than ten ounces, and to have the weight of the contents written thereon by the transmitters.

The parcels must be lodged with the Receivers the day preceding the departure of the next Escort.

All information may be obtained from the Receivers.

HORACE BASTINGS,
Secretary for Gold-fields.

Gold-fields Office, Dunedin,
February 13, 1874.

FOR SALE, BY TENDER.

5-head QUARTZ CRUSHING MACHINE and 8 h.p. Horizontal Steam Engine, with Cornish Boiler, Buildings, Tools, &c.,—every requisite.

Situated at Rough Ridge, the property of the Energetic Quartz Mining Co., Limited.

Tenders will be received up to March 10th, 1874. Tenders accepted for the whole or any part of the above.

Specifications may be seen at the Company's office, (Messrs Burton Bros., Dunedin,) or at the office of this paper.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN ARIS,
Legal Manager, Dunedin.

A Burning Ship in Harbour.

A terrifying sight, accompanied with serious disaster to property and some loss of life, was beheld in Kingstown harbour, Dublin Bay, at midnight on Sunday week. The ship Nagpore, a very fine iron-built vessel of 1500 tons burden, on her voyage home from Calcutta to Liverpool with a cargo of jute, cotton, hampseed, and fifty tons of saltpetre, and with a crew of thirty-seven men, had been discovered to be on fire, when off the Isle of Man, at five o'clock in the evening of that day. The crew were greatly alarmed lest the saltpetre should explode and blow them all up; the decks, too, became so hot that they could hardly keep their footing. Nevertheless, they persevered in their work, and the ship got into Dublin Bay at half-past ten o'clock, and made her way into Kingstown. The ship was a clipper, fully rigged; every inch of canvass was set, and the sails oiled to catch the wind better; she drove in at a furious speed before the gale. The crew were so much engrossed with fears for their own safety that they did nothing to shorten sail or slacken speed. In this plight the Nagpore, shortly before twelve o'clock at night, dashed round the East Pier, and into the harbour. She caused a great fright among the vessels anchored there, most of which instantly attempted to clear out of the way, a matter not easily accomplished in the rough state of the weather. First, the ship ran foul of the schooner Pilot, from Wexford, laden with coals, which was seriously damaged, the bowsprit and mainmast being lost. The crew were able to scramble on board the ship; but the master, Mr English, was unfortunately crushed between the vessels, and sank. The ship then fouled the schooner Margaret, of Llangelly, in Wales; she filled at once and sank, the crew escaping likewise on board the ship which had been the cause of the disaster. A trader, the Diligence, and also a trawler, came to grief from collision with the ill-fated ship, whose anchors had in the meantime been cast, but dragged, in consequence of the speed with which she entered the harbour, and the force of the wind. She was finally brought to, opposite the Royal Irish Yacht Club, in twenty feet of water at full tide. Captain Barnes, Commander of the cutter Fanny, Commander Seymour, R.N., of the Coast-guard, Captain Hutchison, R.N., and Mr John Francis, with the harbour master's crew, boarded the vessel, and remained all night, throwing water into the hold on the burning cargo. At half-past nine in the morning the Dublin City fire brigade, under Captain Ingram, arrived with three hand-engines, one of which was placed in a boat and laid alongside the ship, but it was found impossible to work it, so rough was the water. After a consultation between Captain Barnes, of the Fanny, and Captain Ingram, it was determined to send a few round shots into the burning vessel between wind and water. If the fire had reached the saltpetre and an explosion had taken place, considerable damage might have been done, not only to the shipping in the harbour, but to Kingstown itself. The crew were ordered forward out of danger, and the Fanny sent half a dozen 6-lb shot through the sides of the vessel below the water-line. The Nagpore then began to fill and settle down. She had settled on the bottom at about one o'clock, and as the water was a foot or two above her deck, all danger was over. The Nagpore is the property of Messrs McKinnon and Co., Liverpool. The ship and cargo were estimated at £75,000. The vessel, however, has since been floated. —English Paper.

A New Amalgamator.

(Coromandel Mail.)

Whatever will materially increase the efficiency of our gold-saving machinery and at the same time decrease the cost of saving the gold is a matter of the very greatest importance to the mining interest. We cannot afford to pass over untried any reasonable proposal for effecting either the one or the other, for success means increased profit to paying mines, and the bringing within this desirable category mines, and they are many even in this district, which at present barely pay the cost of winning the stone and extracting the gold, and therefore remain altogether, or to a very great extent, undeveloped.

We are led into these remarks at the present time in consequence of there being now in Coromandel an inventor of an amalgamator on an entirely new principle, which at a trifling expense might be adapted to any battery, and which, while its designer guarantees that it shall save all the gold, would altogether do away with the necessity of amalgamating tables, blanketings, and berdanning, and so, as it would require little or no attendance itself, reduce the labour cost of crushing.

We are not of course at liberty to state the principle or contrivance by which the work now done by tables, ripples, berdans, &c., would be carried out by the newly-invented machine, but we may state that the amalgamator, so to call it, the cost of which would be from £30 to £40, would be connected in front of the gratings (one such amalgamator to every five or ten heads of stamps,) in lieu of the tables now in use, and would receive direct from the stamper-boxes the whole of the debris as it leaves the gratings, and which, when it passed out of the amalgamator, if proved by a test table fixed for the purpose, would be found to contain no gold whatever. No quicksilver whatever would be put into the stamper-boxes, but only into the amalgamators.

The advantages of such a system must be apparent. First of all we do away with expensive machinery in the shape of ripple-

table, berdans, &c., and with them the cost of attendance by at least two hands, to say nothing of cleaning up the tables and scraping and cleaning from time to time. The process is not only less expensive but it is quicker and safer. Each amalgamator will be under lock and key, and have an indicator so arranged as to show the yield per ton, after the first or second tons shall have been passed through, and the amalgam can be drawn off from the amalgamator while the battery is working, thus effecting a considerable saving in time.

The inventor is Mr Arthur S. Ford, a mechanical engineer by trade, who has spent much time in bringing his present discovery to a practical issue, and who brings highly respectable credentials with him. It is his wish to associate himself with some gentleman of capital, sufficiently interested in mining schemes to cause him to be anxious to bring an invention capable of producing such results into practical working, and with whom, having imparted to him the character of the invention and proved by practical demonstration that it is capable of performing all claimed for it, Mr Ford might hope to make further profit by the discovery in this and other of the gold producing Australian colonies. One of these machines he states could be constructed in Coromandel, and in the hope of inducing some one to assist him in bringing his invention into practical work he has visited this district.

In drawing attention to this matter we do not of course vouch for the due performance by the amalgamator of all that Mr Ford claims for it. It could, however, be to the interest of no man to court failure knowingly, and of this we are all aware, that one half, nay, more than half of the successful inventions of the day—inventions which are the foundations of fortunes—are the result of ideas conceived and ripened in the workshop and sold to or carried out in practical conjunction with the capitalist. The advantages offered by this alleged invention are so great that it is worth the while of any man of capital largely interested in mining to enter with due care into a mutual arrangement with the discoverer for practically putting its value to the test. To sum up the advantages claimed for the amalgamator, they are—first, the saving of all the gold—secondly, the substitution of simple machinery which requires little or no labour for watching, is far less costly than the present tables, berdans, &c.—thirdly, security for the amalgam, which can be drawn off as it accumulates by the manager, and if desired, by him only—and fourthly, that there is no need to stop the battery while the amalgam is being cleaned up.

Sewing on Buttons.

The facetious editor of the *Danbury News*, whose funny sayings are so widely copied, thus describes the male process of sewing on buttons:—It is bad enough to see a bachelor sew on a button, but it is the embodiment of grace alongside a married man. Necessity has compelled experience in the case of the former, but the latter has always depended on some one else for the service, and, fortunately for the sake of society, it is rarely that he is obliged to resort to the needle himself. Sometimes the patient wife scalds her right hand, or runs a sliver under the nail of the index finger of that hand, and it is then that the man clutches the needle round the neck, forgetting to tie a knot in the thread, and commences to put on the button. It is always in the morning, and from five to twenty minutes after he is expected to be down the street. He lays the button exactly on the site of its predecessor, and pushes the needle through one eye, and draws the thread after, leaving about three inches sticking up for lee way. He says to himself, "Well, if women don't have the easiest time I see." Then he comes back the other way and gets the needle through the cloth easy enough, and lays himself out to find the eye, but in spite of a great deal of jabbing, the needle point persists in bucking against the solid parts of that button, and, finally, when he loses patience, his fingers catch the thread, and that three inches he had left to hold the needle slips through the eye in a twinkling; the button rolls leisurely across the floor. He picks it up without a single remark, out of respect for his children, and makes another attempt to fasten. This time when coming back with the needle he keeps both the thread and the button from slipping by covering them with his thumb, and it is out of regard for that part of him that he feels around for the eye in a very careful and judicious manner; but evidently losing his philosophy, as the search becomes more and more hopeless, he falls to jabbing about in a loose and savage manner, and it is just then the needle finds the opening, and comes through the button and part way through his thumb with a celerity that no human ingenuity can guard against. Then he lays down the things, and presses the injured hand between his knees, and then holds it under his arms, finally into his mouth, and all the while he prances about the floor, and calls upon heaven and earth to witness that there never was anything like it since the world was created, and he howls, and whistles, and moans, and sobs. After a while he calms down, and puts on his pants, and fastens them together with a stick, and goes to business a changed man.

A late telegram in the Melbourne papers says it is reported that Prince Leopold is suffering from consumption, and likely to visit Adelaide.

The Atrato, 3500 tons, left London on February 6th for Port Chalmers, with 700 passengers for Otago and Canterbury.

Billiards.

The *Field* says:—"On Saturday evening, November 29th, during an exhibition match between Cook and Bennet, at Cook's Rooms, 99 Regent street, Cook made the astounding break of 936. Bennet was in fine form, having beaten Cook both at billiards and pyramids in the afternoon, and in the evening got away first with a strong lead of the quarter of the game, scoring a magnificent break of 184 (including 37 spots), and adding small contributions of 44, 48, and 68 (21 spots), while Cook's only break was a trifle of 79. The score then stood:—Bennet, 386; Cook, 148. Cook then made 63 by all round play, when he got the spot, and put together 270 consecutive spots. The 263rd spot made him game, but by request he continued his break. On the 270th spot he lost position; but cannoning and coming to the spot again he made 19 more spots, making the total of spots in the break 289, and then he broke down at a cannon across the table. The pockets are rather full-sized and the shoulders are a good bit cut away; but even taking this into consideration, the break is the most marvellous ever known. To enable the reader to appreciate this break, we add the best performances of other players. About fifty years ago a marker named Carr was considered the best player of his day, on the old-fashioned list tables with very wide pockets. About 1825, during a match he scored 22 consecutive spot hazards. This was deemed so wonderful a performance at the time that he was immediately backed against all comers for 100 guineas a side, and was in fact the first billiard champion. Edwin Kentfield (Jonathan) eventually challenged him, but the match never came off, and Kentfield was deemed champion until 1849. His best break was 196. John Roberts then challenged Kentfield. The latter declined to play, and Roberts remained champion until 1870. Roberts was by far the best player of his day, owing partly to his mastery of the spot, in practising which he spent hundreds of hours. His longest break was 346, including 104 consecutive spots. In 1870, William Cook, the present champion, challenged Roberts and beat him. Cook has made many long breaks, including 512, 532 (165 spots), 752 (220 spots), and now 936 (289 spots)."

The Height of Politeness.

(North Otago Times.)

Surely the millenium must be fast approaching, or some golden age of chivalrous courtesy. The day is evidently not far distant when the very policeman who arrests his prisoner will present his card with a bow like a Chesterfield; and the bailiff, who is armed with authority to enter your house, will come in full dress, and present you with a writ in the prettiest of pink envelopes; superscribed with the compliments of Mr So-and-So. Oamaru leads the way in the inauguration of the new era, as the following letter from a creditor to a debtor, for the genuineness of which we can vouch (enclosing a summons to the Resident Magistrate's Court), will shew. We suppress names, otherwise the letter is *verbatim*:—

"February 4th, 1874.

"My dear—You did not send me cheque for my small balance, as you promised. Probably something came in the way to create a diversion, or perhaps you forgot it. It is not easy always to find money for these small matters. I trust you are getting on better with the ironwork, and not losing any more horses. I am sure you work very hard for your money. So do I; and it is our duty not only to ourselves, but to our dependencies, to see that we get paid for our labour. By-the-bye, I happened to be in —to-day, and I thought I might as well get a summons for the account outstanding between us; more, indeed, as a matter of form than anything else. Did it ever occur to you that we enjoy a great privilege in living in a country where the Queen's Writ is respected? Now, if you or I lived in the South Sea Islands, or any other of those salubrious localities of which Europeans become so enamoured that they can seldom prevail on themselves to leave them again, and a party owed us money, we could not avail ourselves, as we now do, of the beautiful and simple machinery of the law to recover our just rights. No. We would have to wait until our impecunious friend thought fit to refund the amount in tortoise-shell or cocoanut oil. We have, therefore, much to be thankful for in this respect. Should you have an opportunity of putting anything in my way some of these days, I trust you will not forget. I could do with some nice handy job at which a lot of money could be made with ease and expedition. Not that I object to cylinder-loading, mind you; in fact, although myself not too ardent an admirer of the *labor ipse voluptas* principle, if nothing better was at hand, I rather prefer it. But you must admit that when one comes to load cylinders for thirteen inclement months, and only receives compensation to the amount of £10, it becomes somewhat monotonous.

"I hope the day fixed for the hearing will be a convenient one for you. Should you however, not be there, I suppose I shall have to go through the form of getting judgment and execution. But you may be sure your interests will receive attention; and I do not at all see why we should make an unpleasantness of what, as I before said, we ought to regard as one of the chiefest of our privileges.—I remain, my dear —,

"Yours very sincerely,

"P.S.—What lovely weather we have had lately. Sunday was a bad day, though. Was there much rain with you?"

SELECTED POETRY.

THE LAST SUPPER.

By JOAQUIN MILLER.

What song sang the twelve with the Saviour
When finished the Sacrament wine?
Were they bowed and subdued in behaviour,
Or bold as made bold with a sign?

Were the hairy breasts strong and defiant?
Were the naked arms brawny and strong?
Were the bearded lips lifted reliant,
Thrust forth, and full sturdy with song?

What sang they? What sweet song of Zion,
With Christ in their midst like a crown?
While here sat Saint Peter, the lion;
And there, like a lamb, with head down,

Sat Saint John, with his silken and raven
Rich hair on his shoulders, and eyes
Lifting up to the faces unshaven
Like a sensitive child in surprise.

Was the song as strong fishermen swinging
Their nets, full of hope, to the sea?
Or low, like the ripple-wave, singing
Sea-songs on their loved Galilee?

Were they sad with foreshadows of sorrows,
Like the birds that sing low when the breeze
Is tip-toe with a tale of to-morrows—
Of earthquakes and sinking of seas?

Ah! soft was their song as the waves are
That fall in low musical moans;
And sad I should say as the winds are
That blow by the white grave-stones.

MISCELLANEA.

A ludicrous circumstance occurred in the District Court at Hokitika, a day or two since, just after the jury had been empanelled in the case of the Queen v. Egan. The learned Crown Prosecutor, who had for some purpose accidentally moved his chair, on coming back, gravely sat down where his chair should have been, the result of which operation was that his heels flew into the air, his wig flew off, and his body disappeared from the astonished gaze of the twelve good men and true in the box opposite him. This *contretemps* excited the laughter of the Court, which the evidently forced look of indifference assumed by the learned gentleman did not allay.

Colonel Russell, formerly Henry Clay's private secretary, and known in the United States as "Owl Russell," who died the other day, acquired this nickname, according to the *New York Tribune*, in the following way. He was a man of intense egotism, whose chief object in life was to be admired and notorious. Some years ago, during a violent debate in the Missouri Legislature, in which he had shown much pomposity, one of his political comrades mentioned that one night Russell, while travelling through the woods, lost his way, and being a stranger in that part of the country became nervous. While groping his path in the darkness he suddenly heard a voice not far away crying out, "Who are you?" In solemn tones, Colonel Russell replied, "I am Colonel William H. Russell, for many years a prominent member of the Kentucky Legislature; was School Commissioner for the southern district of Kentucky; am now the Representative of Calloway county in the Missouri Legislature; am spoken of as the Whig candidate for next Congress, and I am lost. Who are you?" From that time up to the period of his death Colonel Russell never lost the sobriquet of "Owl Russell."

A Californian *littérateur*, objecting to terse phraseology, alters the normal wording of a well-known proverb about stones and glass houses into the more refined and flowery remark that "dwellers in crystal palaces should refrain from the propulsion of irregular-shaped particles of granite formation." Another Transatlantic writer, however, is the reverse of long-winded. Here is his account of an attempted suicide—"Lizzie Smith, weak woman, laudanum, Sunday, doctor, stomach-pump, life again."

A young Marseillaise recently chose a curious mode of suicide by swallowing pins. She only succeeded in making herself ill, and was taken to a hospital, where, after two hundred and fifty had been extracted, she was considered to be in a fair way to recovery. This reminds us of a baby of New Bedford, U.S., who, says a Transatlantic contemporary, has won innocent renown by swallowing 37 buttons, an iron sewing-machine nut, a gold sleeve button, and a thimble—and lives—the very type of a prosperous baby.

In August, 1872, a man named William Shuker was convicted in Napier of a murderous assault on a servant girl named Mary Ann Manchester and her mistress, Mrs Hardy. He was very justly sentenced to penal servitude for life. It is now stated that he has inherited property to the extent of £10,000, and is suffering the bitter remorse which arises from a consciousness of what he has lost through his mingled folly and crime. He is said to be incessantly writing to those who have known him in better days, imploring them to use their influence in his behalf; but as yet his appeals have failed to excite their sympathy.

An extraordinary sentence was passed by the Resident Magistrate at Wairoa a few days ago. One Archibald Fergusson, an old settler, was charged with stealing a pig valued at 14s., and the charge being proved was sentenced to two years' imprisonment! While at exercise in the yard of the lock-up at Clyde, prior to removal to the Napier Gaol to undergo his sentence, he effected his escape, and, according to the latest Napier papers, is still at large.

Dunedin Advertisements

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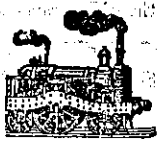
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MESSRS GILLIES AND STREET, Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street, Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago of the well-known and long-established Office,

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY, (Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

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GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,

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AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to inform his numerous up-country friends that he has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a thorough state of repair. He has spared no expense in making this large and well-known house a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors from up-country will have every attention paid to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently situated, being within a very short distance of the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

Established Twenty Years.

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MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,

Begg to intimate that he has constantly on hand Agricultural and Garden Seeds
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season
Garden Tools
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All orders well packed, free of charge.

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VICTORIA HOTEL,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

Clyde.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

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Delivered free of cartage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

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Manhood and the Vigour of Youth Restored in Four Weeks.

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ESSENCE OF LIFE restores Manhood to the most shattered and debilitated constitution, from whatever cause arising, in FOUR WEEKS. Failure is impossible, if taken according to the printed directions, which are very simple, and require no restraint or hindrance from business.

This invaluable remedy affords relief, and permanently cures all who suffer from wasting and withering of the Nervous and Muscular Tissues, Spermatorrhoea, and all Urinary deposits, which cause incapacity and degeneracy, total and partial prostration, and every other exhaustive derangement of the system; regenerating all the important elements of the human frame, and enabling man to fulfil his most sacred obligations.

In Cases at 12s; or Four Quantities in one, 36s.
If by Coach, 2s 6d extra.

To be had of Dr Ricord's agents for New Zealand,

MESSRS L. BARCLAY & CO.,
Stafford-street, Dunedin,
(Next door to the Provincial Hotel);
And may be obtained in every Province, from all chemists.

Parcels packed securely, and free from observation, sent to any part of New Zealand, on receipt of post-office order or stamps.

NERVOUSNESS—DERILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHOEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and filched in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr L. L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacks is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and bloodpoisoning from diseases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-

Patent Medicines

tice and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at
182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

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Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

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No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without gripping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

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There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Doloroux
Female Irregularities	Tumours
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Veneral Affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause
Indigestion	&c. &c. &c.

* * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Cromwell (Otago, New Zealand):

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